



## Standardized multidisciplinary method for the evaluation of the effectiveness of malaria control interventions

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# Standardized multidisciplinary method for the evaluation of the effectiveness of malaria control interventions

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# Standardized multidisciplinary method for the evaluation of the effectiveness of malaria control interventions

## ‘PALEVALUT’ project

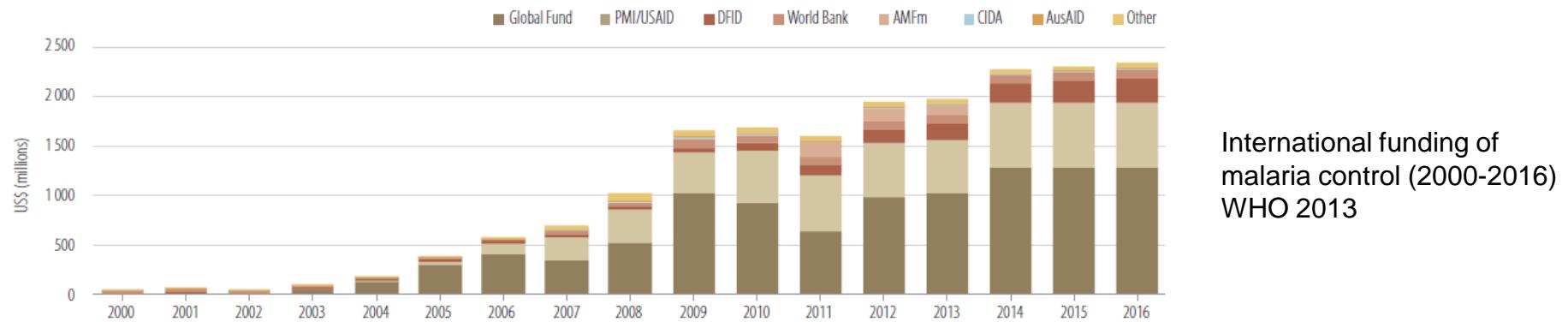
Kesteman T., Remoue F., Randrianarivelojosia M., Pennetier C., Audibert M.,  
Etchepare M., Egrot M., Rogier C. & PALEVALUT scientific committee



63<sup>rd</sup> ASTMH annual meeting - Nov 4<sup>th</sup>, 2014

# Context

- Malaria control depends on international funding (Madagascar: 99.8%), plateauing



- No new control method
- Need for indicators of performance of Malaria Control Interventions (MCI) after their deployment in the field

# Context

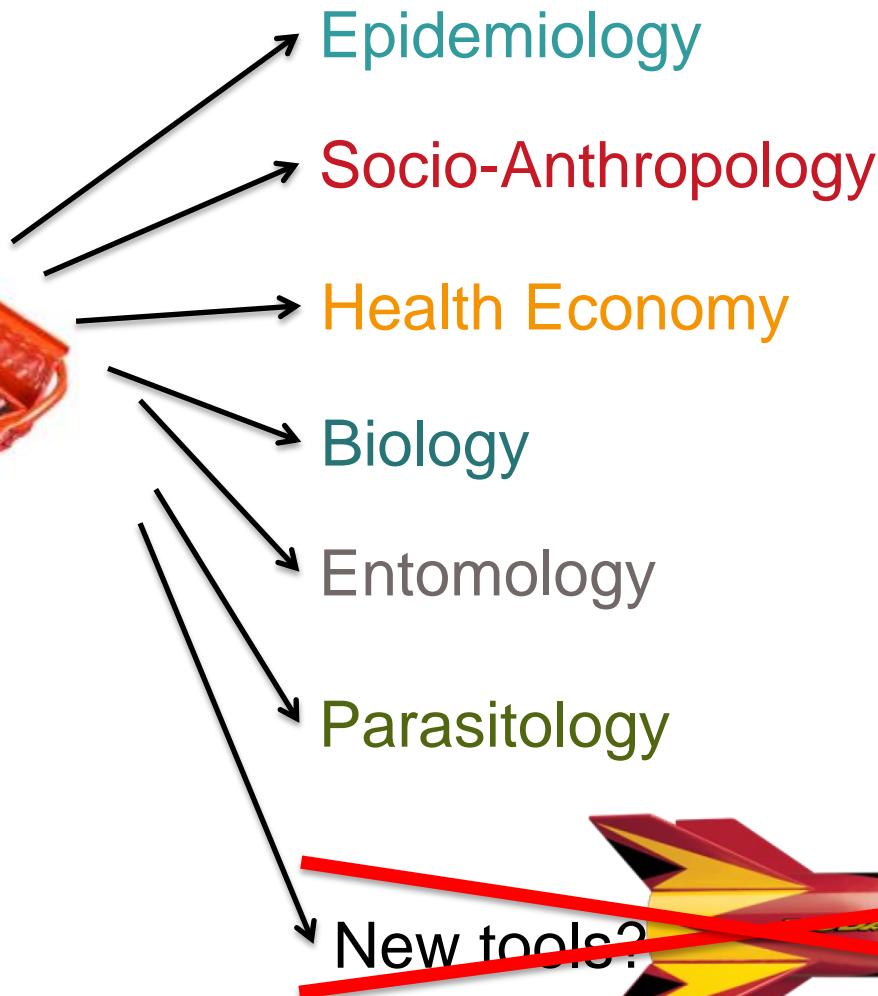
Numerous Malaria Control Interventions (MCI) available/deployed:

- Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLIN)
- Indoor Residual Spraying (IRS)
- Insecticide-Treated Wall Linings (ITWL)
- Intermittent Preventive Treatment of pregnant women (IPTp)
- Intermittent Preventive Treatment of children (IPTc)
- Larvicing
- Topical repellents
- Testing of fever cases by Rapid Diagnostic Tests (RDT) or microscopy
- Treatment of non-complicated malaria cases by Artemisinin-based Combination Therapy (ACT)
- Mass Screening and Treatment (MSAT)
- Information, Education and Communication (IEC)
- ...

# Objective

- For a given setting (e.g. country), answer those questions about each MCI:
    - Is it working as expected?
      - Does it offer protection?
      - Does it kill vectors/parasites?
    - Is it carried out as expected?
      - Do people receive/use it?
      - Are we good at carrying it out?
    - What hinders its effectiveness?
    - Do we get what we pay for?
- Performance indicators**
- Protective effectiveness
  - Bio-efficacy
  - Coverage
  - Management
  - Determinants
  - Cost-effectiveness

# Method = Toolbox



# Epidemiology & Biology

## Design & population

## Samples & data collected

## Analyses performed & indicators

Cross-sectional survey

Capillary sample

Sero RDT

PCR Smear

Socio-demographic data

Exposure to MCI

Effectiveness against infections

RDT  
Smears  
PCR  
Sero

Coverage MCI & determinants of coverage

Clinical cases

Malaria  
Others

Exposure cases

Exposure controls

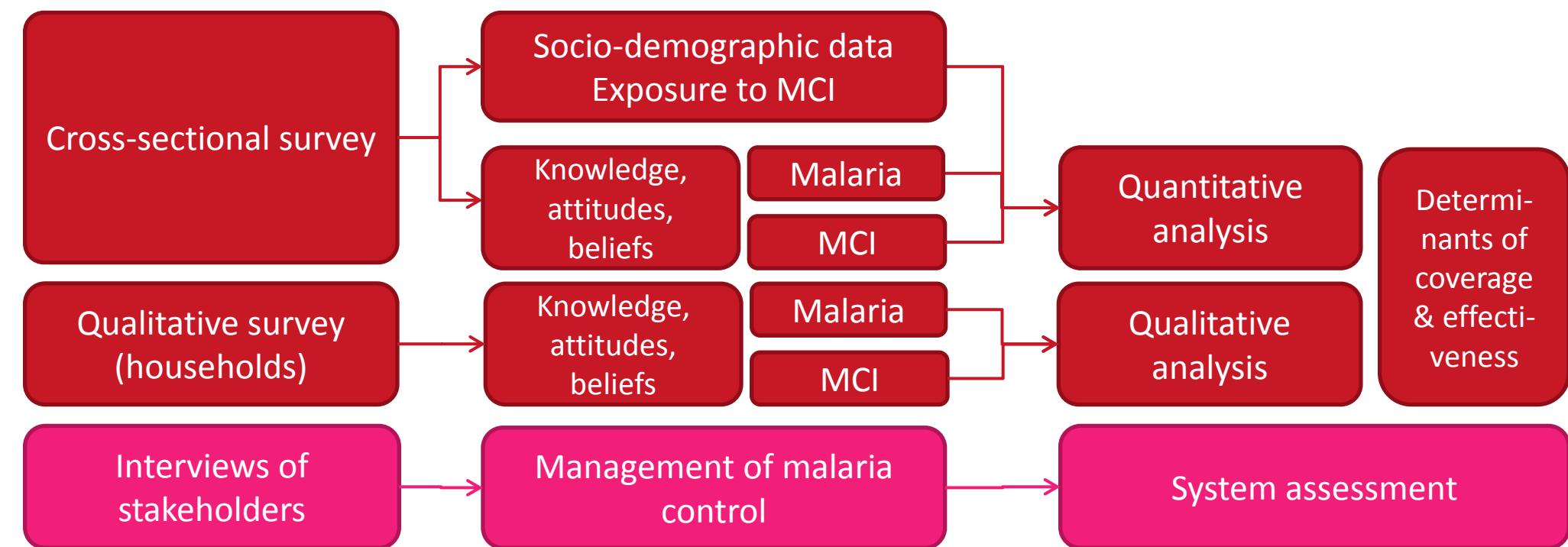
Case-control studies:  
Effectiveness against morbidity

# Socio-Anthropology

Design & population

Samples & data collected

Analyses performed & indicators



# Health Economy

Design & population

Samples & data collected

Analyses performed & indicators

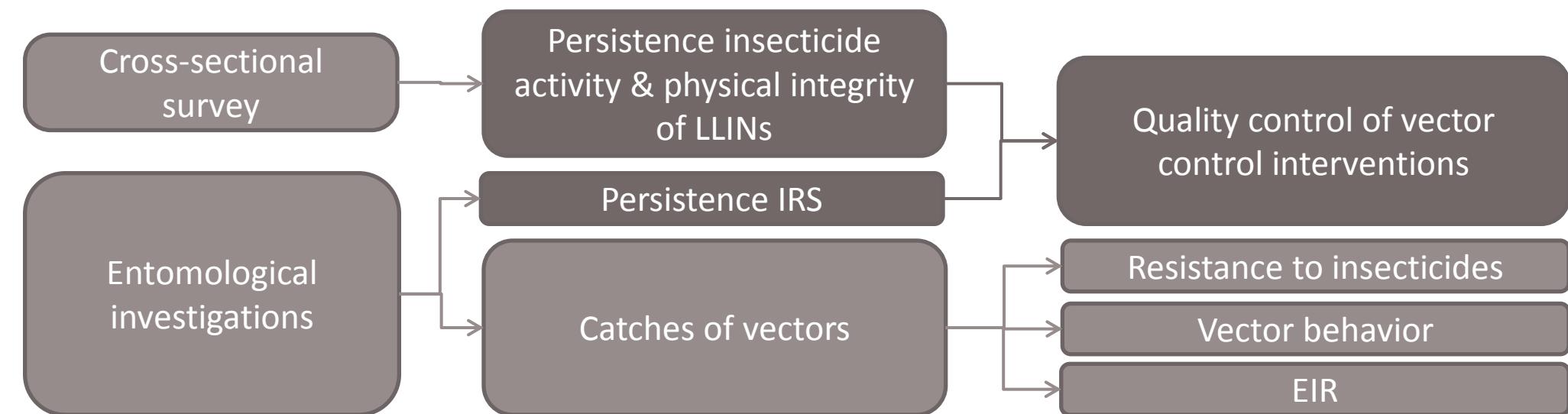


# Entomology

Design & population

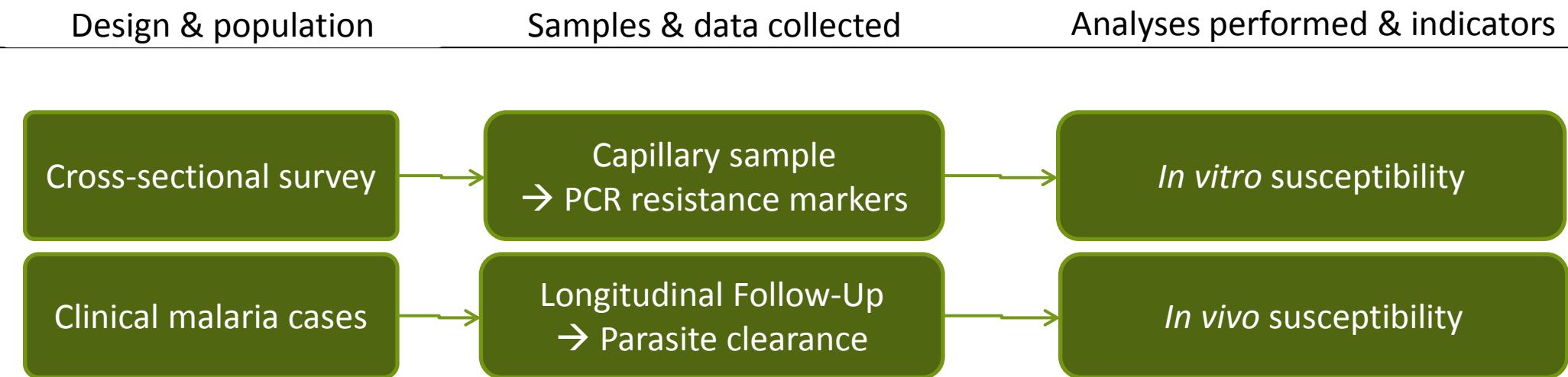
Samples & data collected

Analyses performed & indicators



# Parasitology

## Susceptibility to antimalarial drugs



# Why do we need a toolbox?



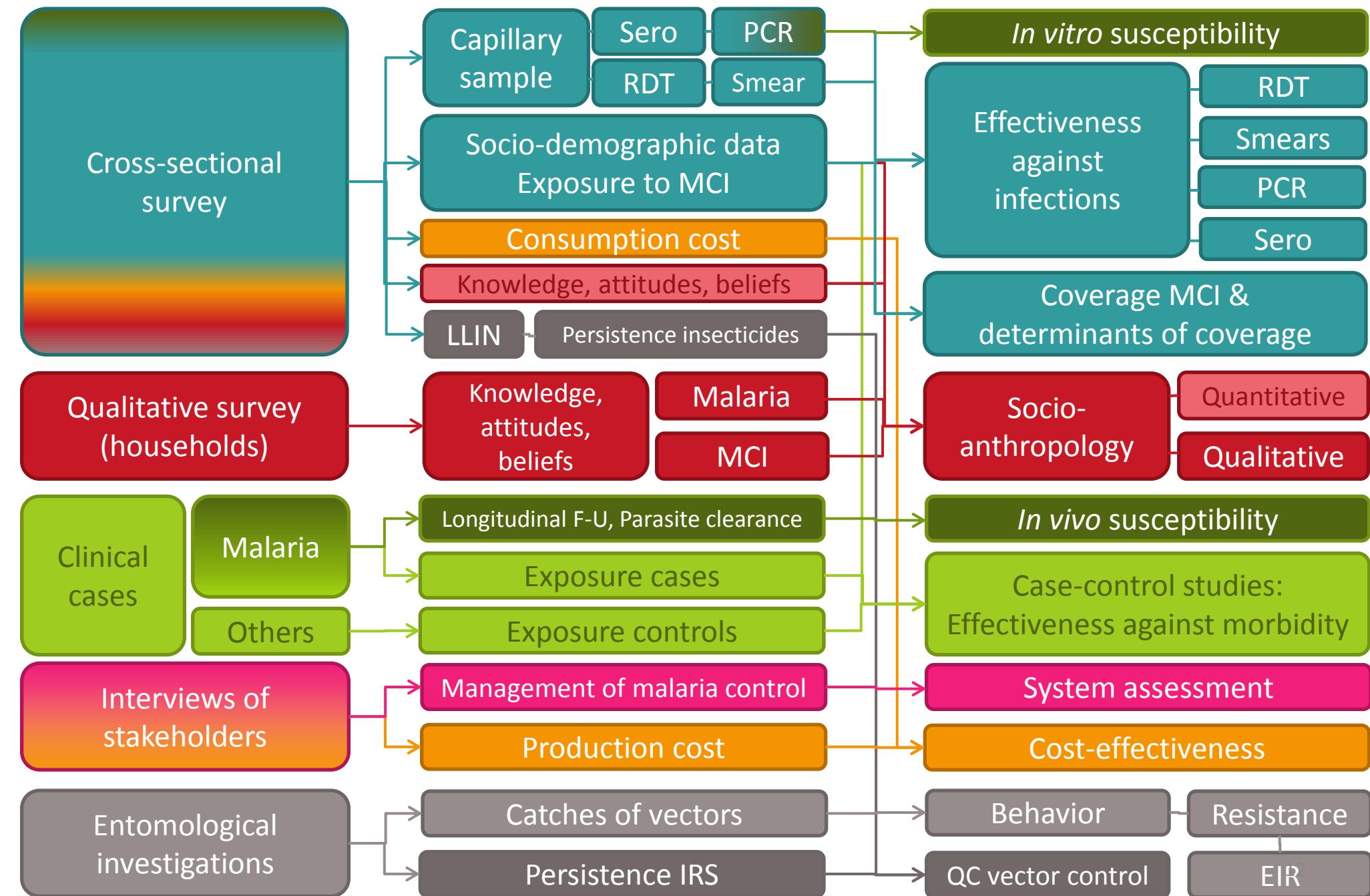
Epidemiology  
Socio-Anthropology  
Health Economy  
Biology  
Entomology  
Parasitology



## Design &amp; population

## Samples &amp; data collected

## Analyses performed &amp; indicators



# Why do we need a toolbox?



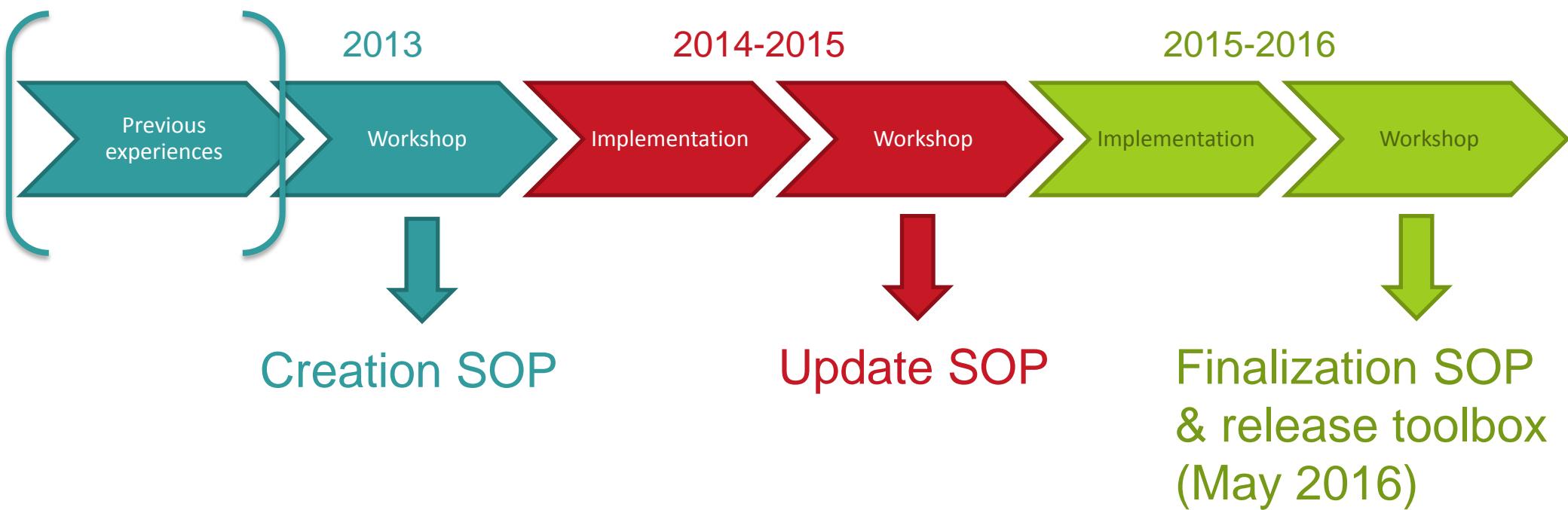
# Some preliminary results ...

## Example: IRS in Madagascar

- Protective effectiveness of IRS
  - Against clinical malaria: 25% non significant (OR 0.75 [0.33 - 1.81] )
  - Against infection: -249% non significant (OR 3.49 [0.74 - 62.3])
- Qualitative study: belief IRS aims at reducing **insect nuisance** (e.g. fleas, cockroaches) but not aimed at malaria
- Determinants of IRS:
  - No significant difference of **coverage** between villages (range 82-100%, p=0.5)
  - No significant difference of **refusal** between villages (range 0-4%, p=0.6)
- **Persistence** of insecticide activity of IRS: **3.3%** of households meet WHO standards ( $\geq 80\%$  mortality), 3.6 months after IRS (mean time)

# Operability

- To ensure operability, 3 evaluation cycles



- Objective: completion in 1 year, US\$ 220 000

# Thanks



# More about PALEVALUT...

- [www.Palevalu.org](http://www.Palevalu.org)  
Evaluation opérationnelle de la lutte intégrée contre le paludisme

- [thomask@pasteur.mg](mailto:thomask@pasteur.mg)

